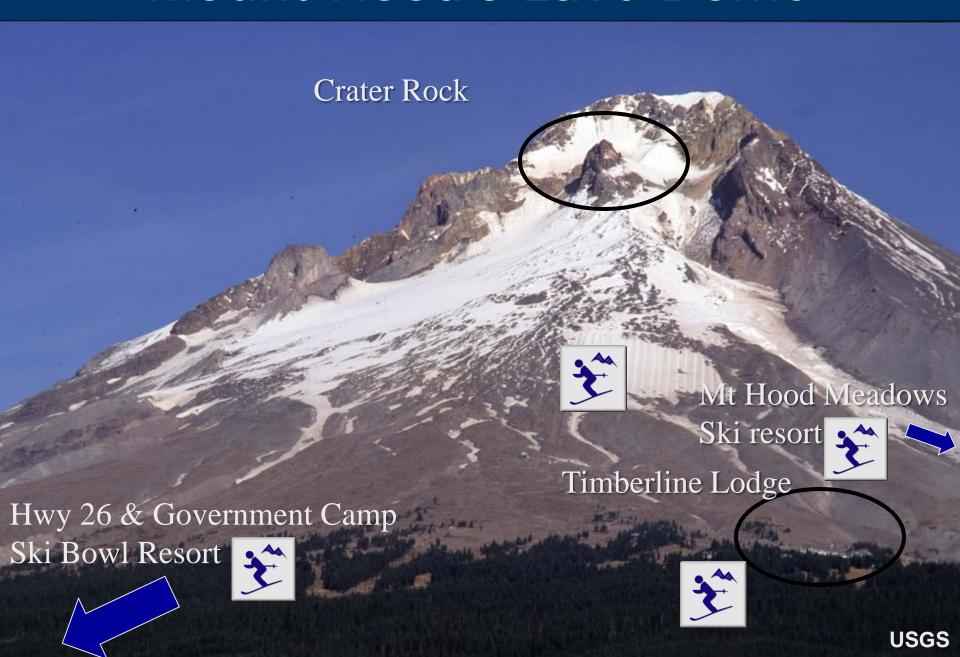


## Mount St Helens - Dome Building Eruption 2004-08



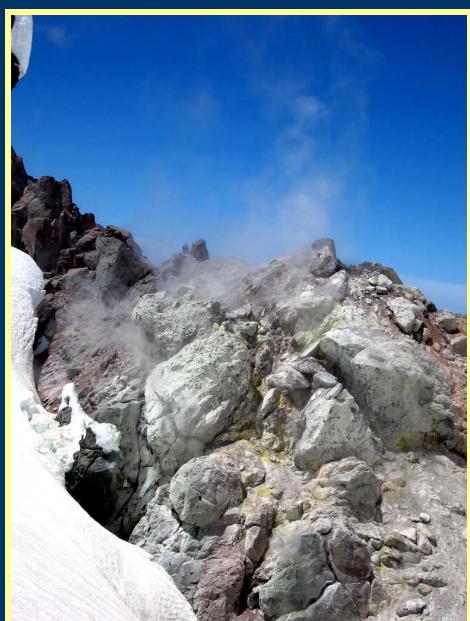
### Mount Hood's Lave Dome



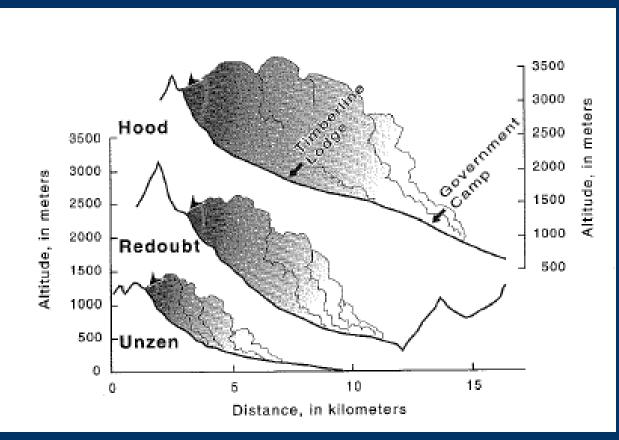


## Mt Hood's Active Fumaroles





# Volcanic Hazard Dome Collapse – Pyroclastic flow





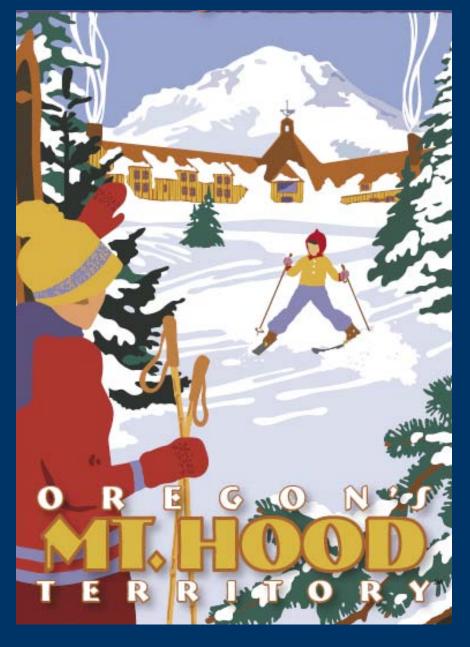
Brantley and Scott, 1993

Pyroclastic flow Mount St Helens, 1980



### Understanding Our Vulnerability





#### Recreation

- Timberline Ski Area offers the longest ski season in North America on the Palmer Snowfield.
- Mt. Hood Skibowl is the largest night-skiing area in North America.
- With 10,000 summit attempts per year, Mt. Hood is the second most-climbed mountain in the world, surpassed only by Japan's Mt. Fuji.



Recreational development built in close proximity to hazardous elements of volcanic mountain.

These structures, systems, and the people using them will be threatened or displaced when the next volcanic event occurs.



Night skiing - Ski Bowl at Government Camp



View of Mt Jefferson from Mt Hood Ski lift

## Winter Scenario Evacuation Challenges





# Living with our Volcano





Volcano Hazards Research
Essential to Understand Risk





## Risk is a function of natural hazards and vulnerable human systems

#### **Natural Hazard**

Knowledge of Potential Catastrophic and Chronic Physical Events

- Past Recurrence Intervals
- Future Probability
- Speed of Onset
- Magnitude
- Duration
- Spatial Extent

## Risk of Disaster

#### Vulnerable System

Exposure, Sensitivity and Resilience of:

- Population
- Economy
- Land Use and Development
- Infrastructure and Critical Facilities
- Cultural Assets
- Natural Resources

Ability, Resources and/or Willingness to:

- Mitigate
- Prepare
- Respond
- Recover

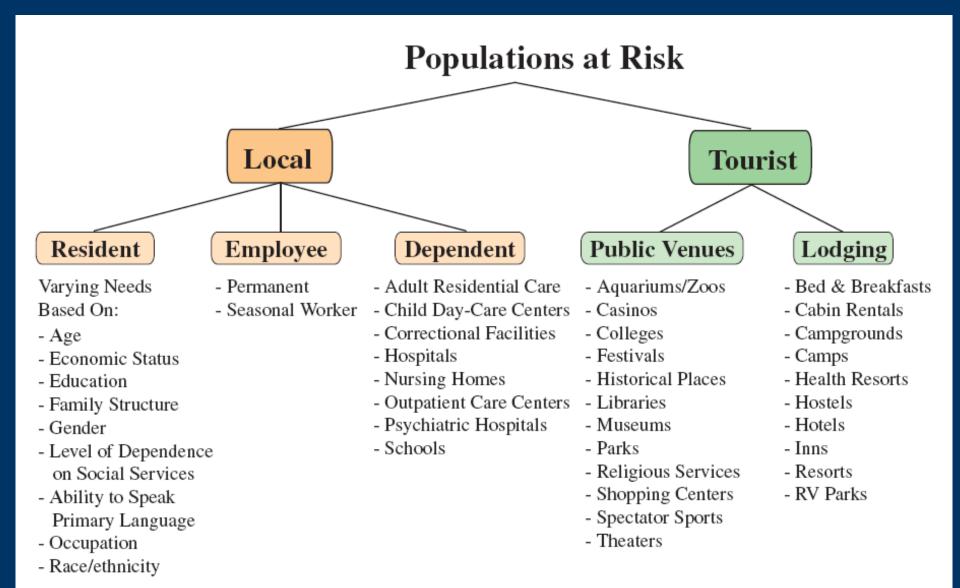
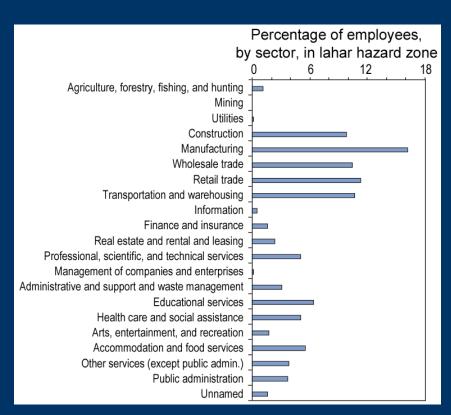
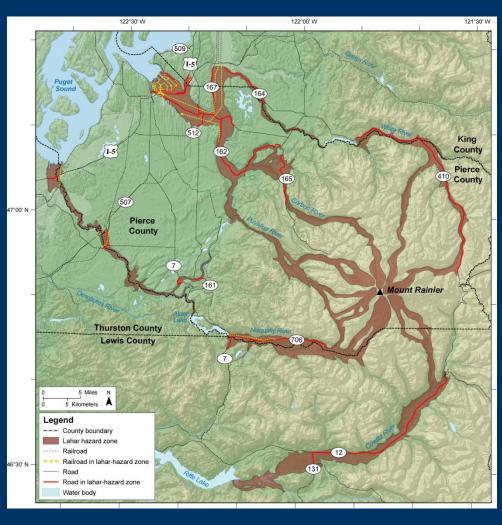


Figure 6. Conceptual diagram of populations at risk from natural hazards.

## What impact could lahars have on the local and regional economy?

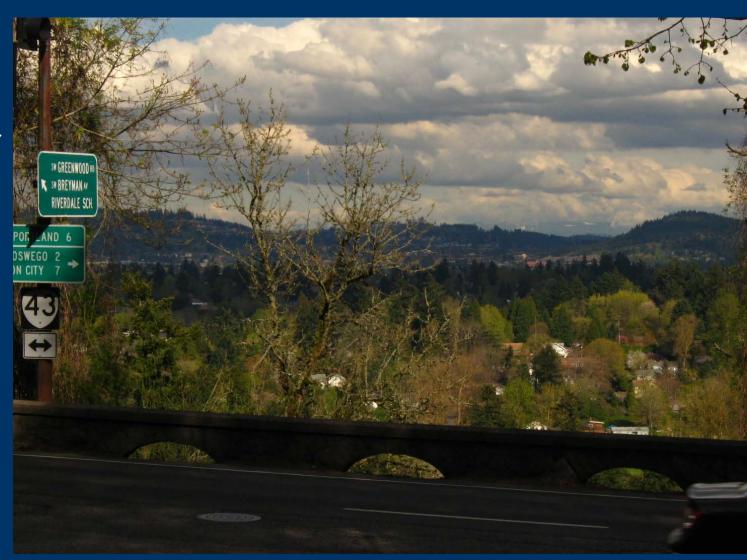
- Exposure of tax-parcel values?
- Percentage of workforce in hazard zones?
- Types of businesses in hazard zone?
- Business reliance on transportation system?





# Instrumentation Needs Commensurate with Level of Threat

Ongoing
Periods of
Limited
Visibility

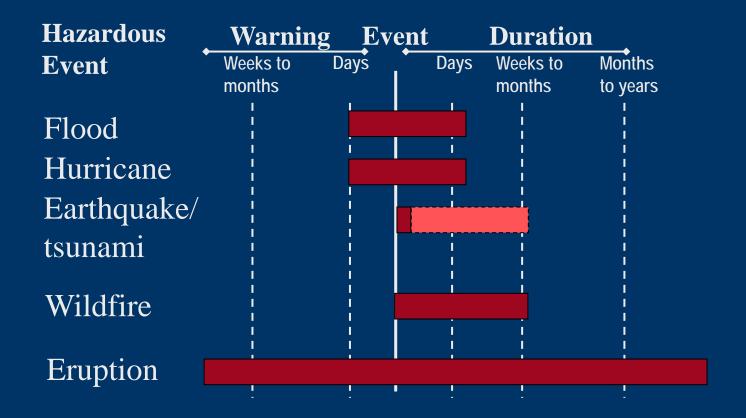


## Also Important . . .

- Volcano Coordination Planning
  - Currently Updating the 2005 Mt Hood Volcano Coordination Plan
  - Clackamas County Mt Hood Evacuation Plan begin 2010

- Community Outreach
  - Interpret Science for decision makers
  - Public
  - Students

## Volcanic Eruptions are Unique Natural Hazards





Hazards associated with volcanic activity will require action before the outcome is known.....

## Difficult Decisions



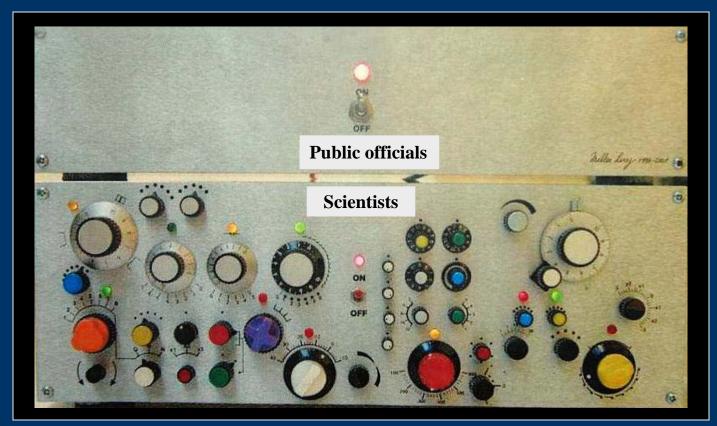


#### Difficult Decisions "Decision window" for public officials Intensity of Monitoring Parameters **Eruption Eruption** Mount St. Helens 1980 and 2004; Huila 2008; Pinatubo 1991 **Soufriere Hills 1995** Back to sleep Back to sleep Akutan 1996 **Guadaloupe 1976-77**; **Long Valley 1980s** Cotopax 2002 Time



### The Need to Understand the Other Perspective

Public officials have to make black and white decisions based on the information scientists give them...





## We are all interconnected



Clackamas County Emergency Management respectfully asks for your support for the Authorization and full funding of the <u>National Volcano Early Warning System</u> (NVEWS) as part of a comprehensive U.S. Geological Survey Volcano Hazards Program.

NEEDS – Clackamas County and the State of Oregon require the services and products from a robust U.S. Geological Survey Volcano Hazards Program that include:

- Ongoing research on volcano hazards and community vulnerability;
- Volcano monitoring commensurate with threat; and
- Community outreach.

## Thank you

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