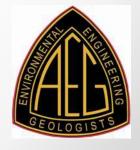
Landslide Hazards: A Stealth Threat to the Nation

Sponsored by the
Geological Society of America
Association of Environmental & Engineering Geologists
American Society of Civil Engineers

In Cooperation with the Congressional Hazards Caucus







Presenters



Dr. Scott Burns, Professor, Department of Geology – Portland State University Portland, OR



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USGS Landslide Hazards Program's

Wildfire and Debris Flow Hazards Project
Denver, CO

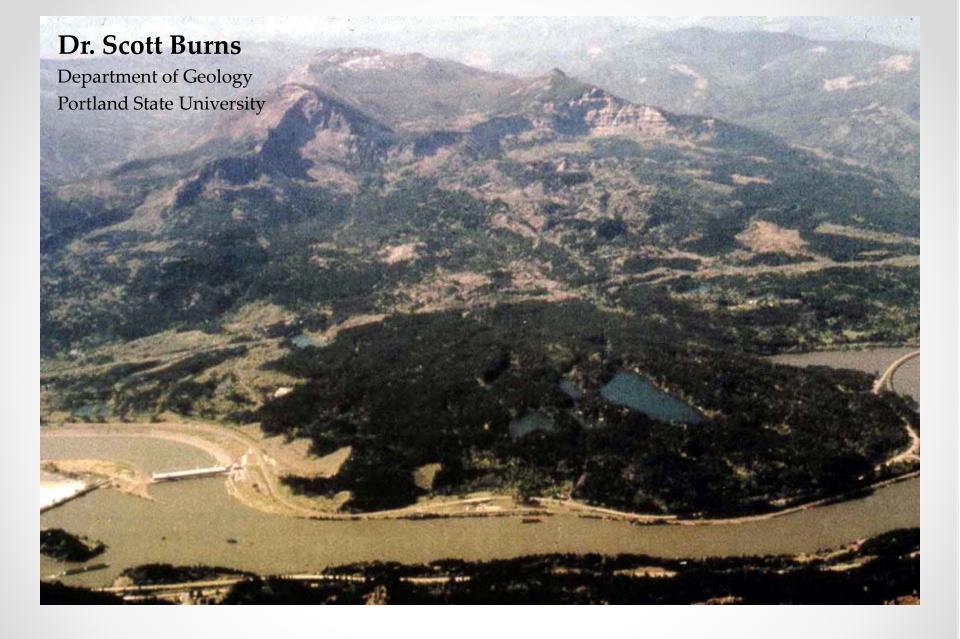


Dr. Jeffrey Keaton, Vice President

National Geotechnical Practice Leader

AMEC Environment & Infrastructure, Inc.

Los Angeles, CA



Landslide Hazards: A Stealth Threat to the Nation

Landslides: the Stealth Threat

- Different names: process and material moved
- Everywhere and Effects
- Triggers
- Essentially no insurance
- Reactivation of old landslides
- Landslide mapping using LiDAR

Loess: Earthflows



Calvary Cemetery



Building on the scarp

Slumps



Building on the toe

Debris Flows: slurries in drainages



Wilson River Highway, Oregon, 1996

Debris Flows

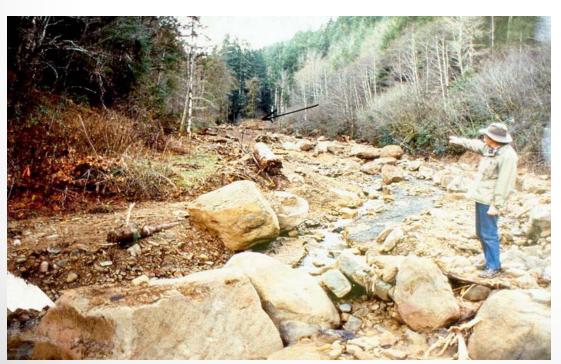


Dodson, OR, 1996: Royse Debris Flow (home) and Highway 84



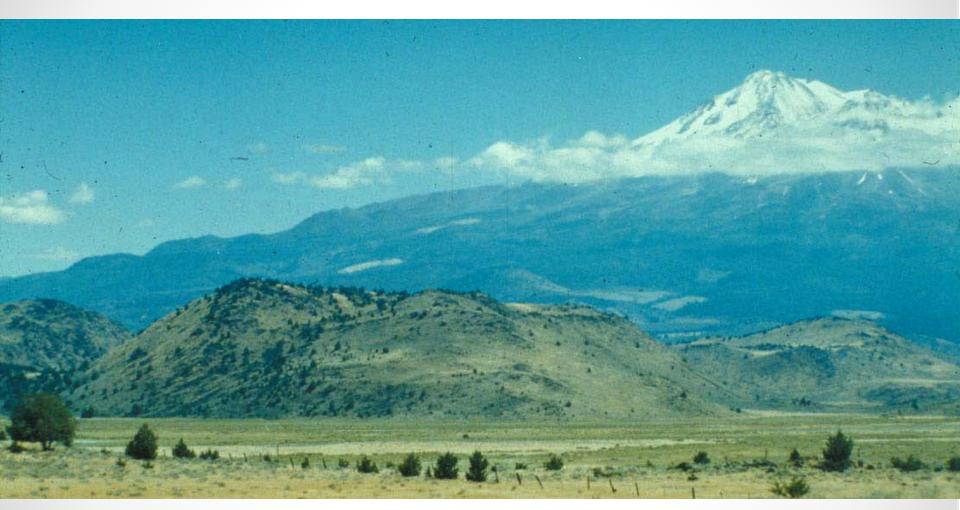
Debris Flows Can Be Deadly

Douglas Country Debris Fan Home

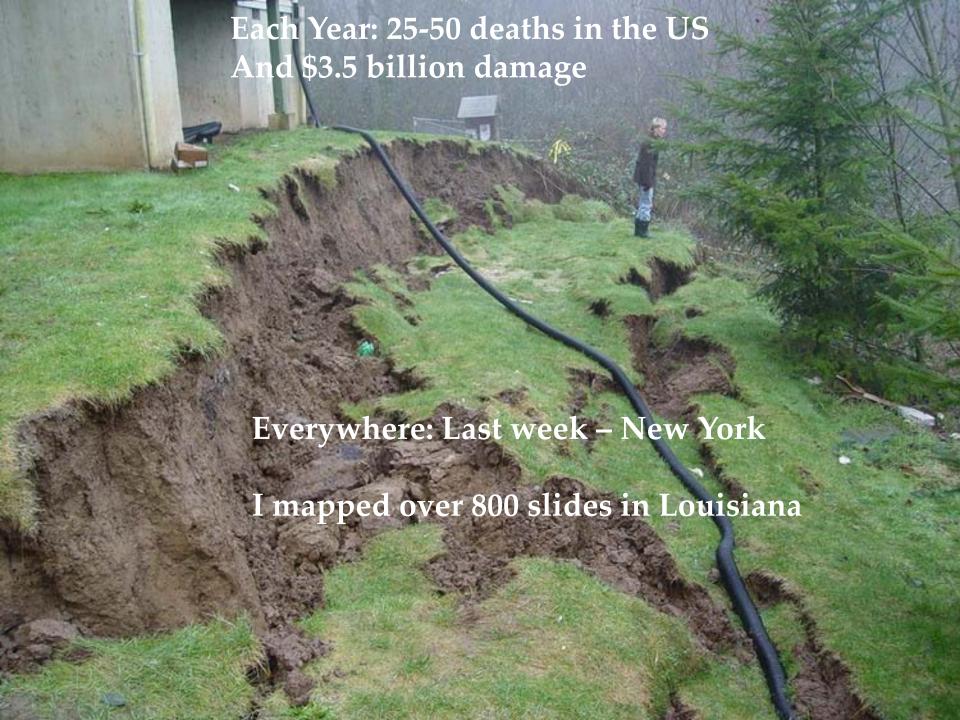


Douglas County Valley Bottom Home

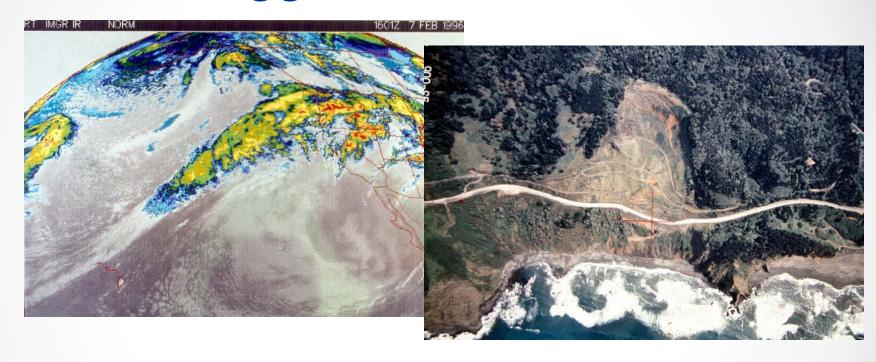
Debris Avalanche



Mt. Shasta, Northern California prehistoric debris avalanche

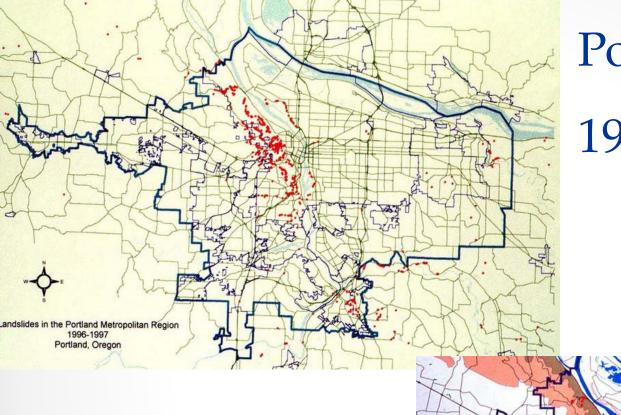


Climatic Triggers



Pineapple Express hits Portland

Arizona Inn landslide, Highway 101

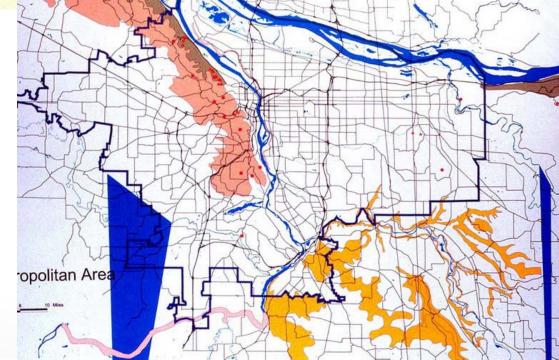


Portland, Oregon 1996

Landslides zones

Landslide Distribution

Geology is important

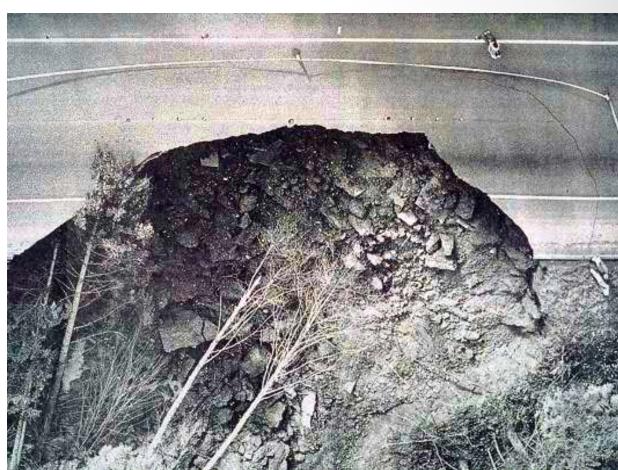


Earthquake Triggers: Damage

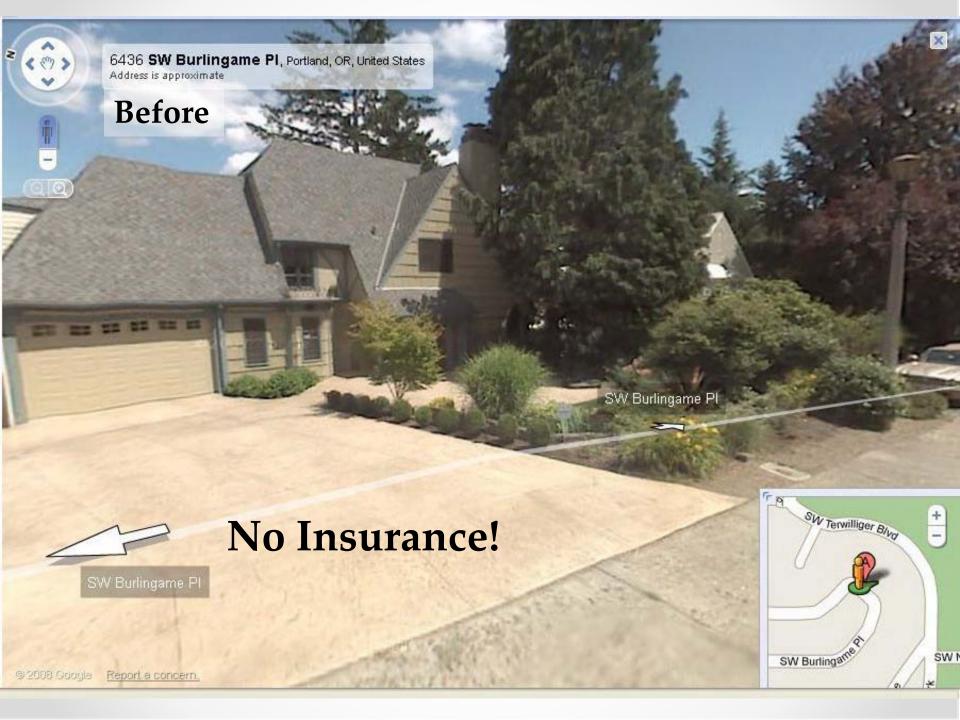
Nisqually Quake, 2001, M = 6.8



Renton, WA



Highway 101, Olympia, Washington



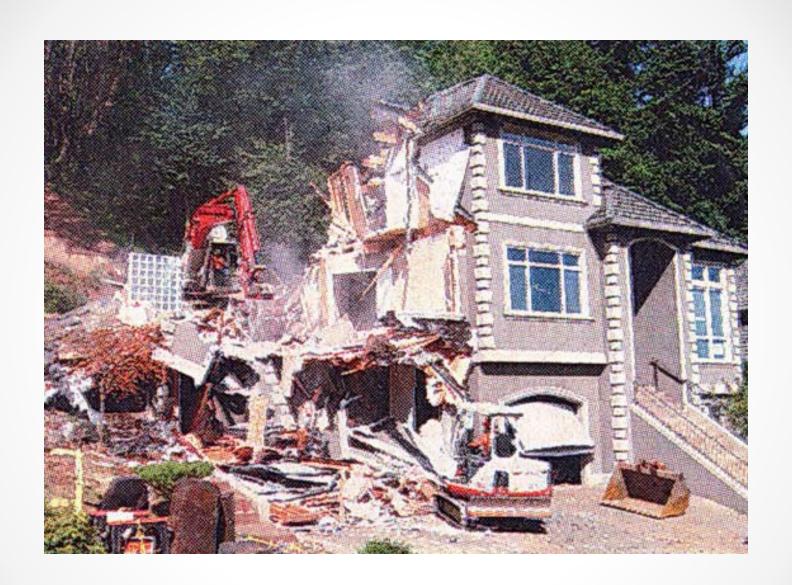












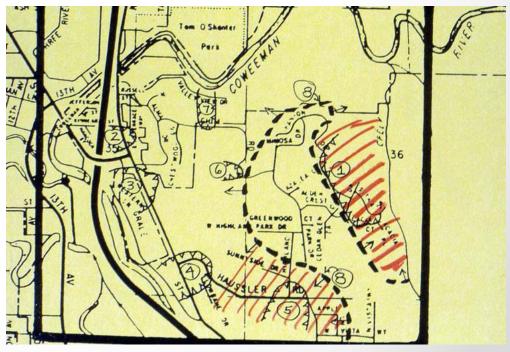


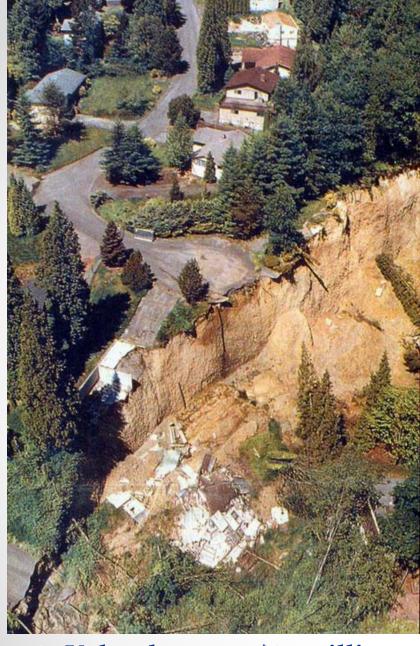


Reactivation of Old Landslides

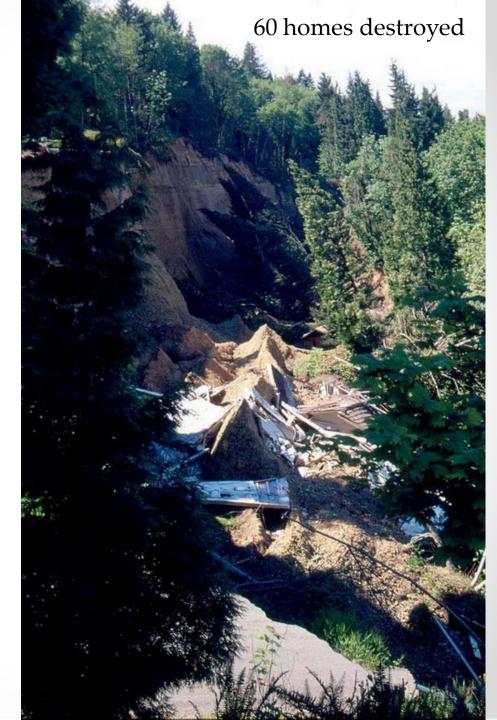
Kelso, Washington 1998

Largest landslide involving houses in the United State's history





77 hoKelso damage - \$25 million





Reactivation of Old Slides

Kelso, Washington 1998





Kelso: initially mapped as "stable" area;

fastest movements where storm drains

Reactivation of Old Slides

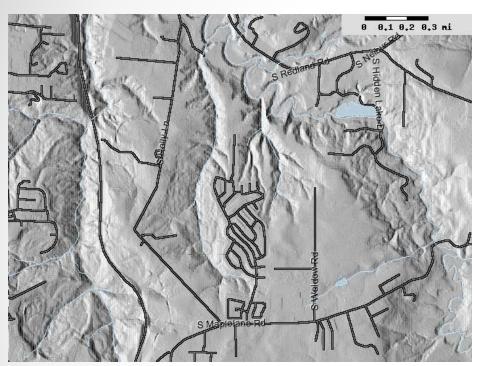
Reactivation of Old Slides

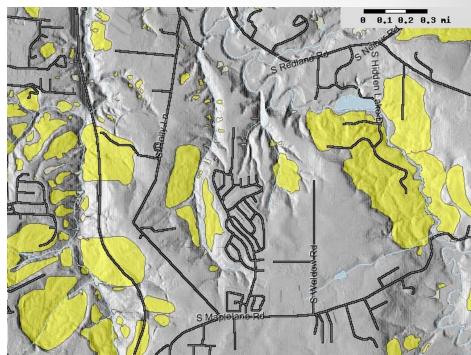




Kelso: Cause was slow buildup of pore pressure in slide over time; cutting off of toe was also probably a trigger

Mapping Landslides Using LiDAR



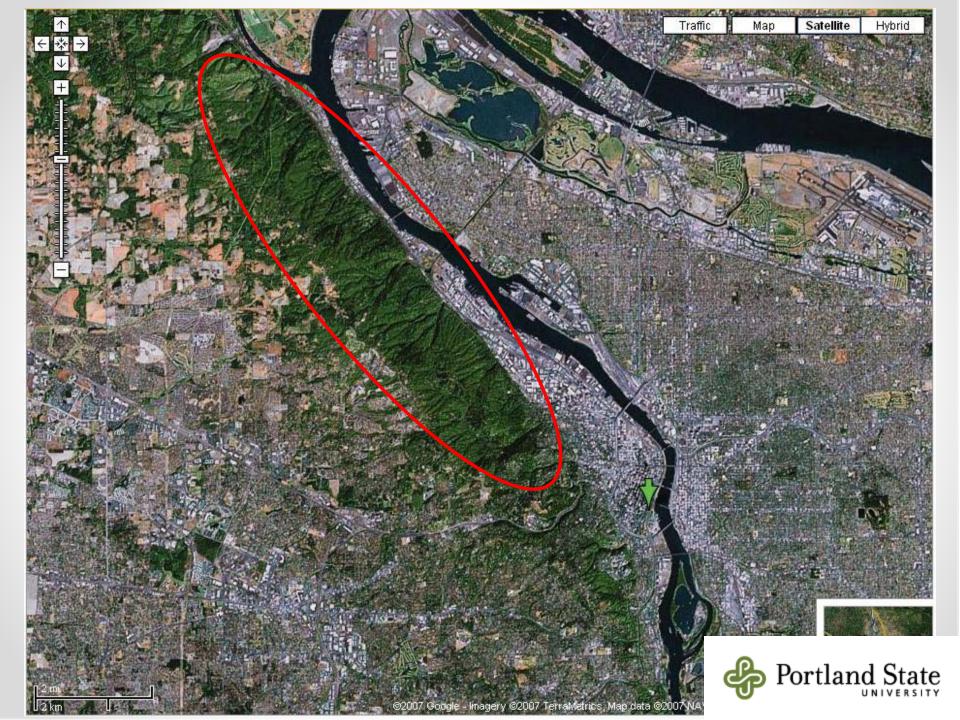


Yellow = landslide

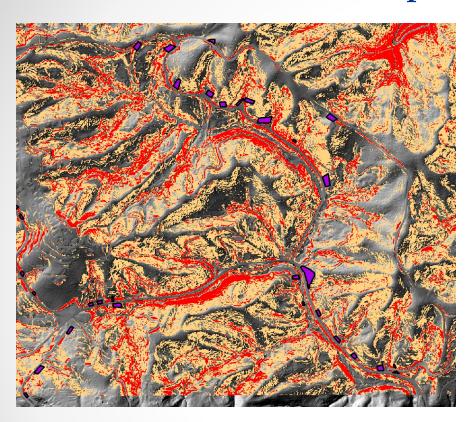








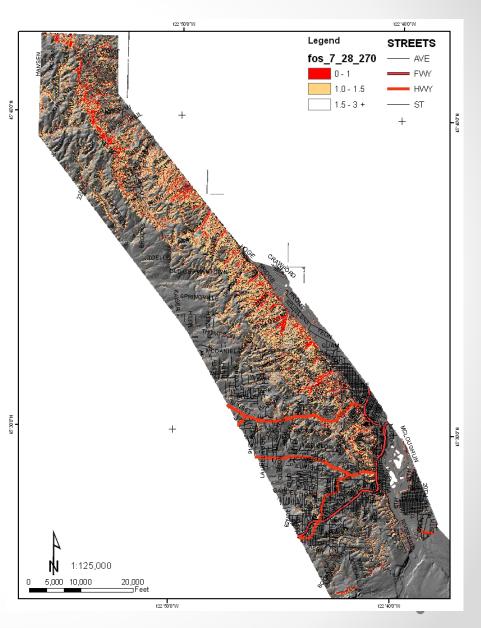
Landslide Susceptibility Map of West Hills



Phi = 27

Cohesion = 270

Thickness = 8





Whether Big or Small, Landslides must be studied



Castle Lake slide, Washington



Scooper slide – not fixed

Thank You

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